

Compact UWB Bandpass filter with notched frequency

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Abstract: This paper presents the ultra wideband bandpass filter design and also the Notch Creation at a specific frequency. Here ,We are implementing a UWB Bandpass Filter to create a notch at a specific frequency. The purpose of this isto avoid interference of the Bandpass filter from WLAN freq existing at 5.7-5.8 GHz

Keywords: Inter-digital hairpin resonators, Return loss, Insertion loss, UWB, IE3D, HFSS, SONNET, Notch.

INTRODUCTION

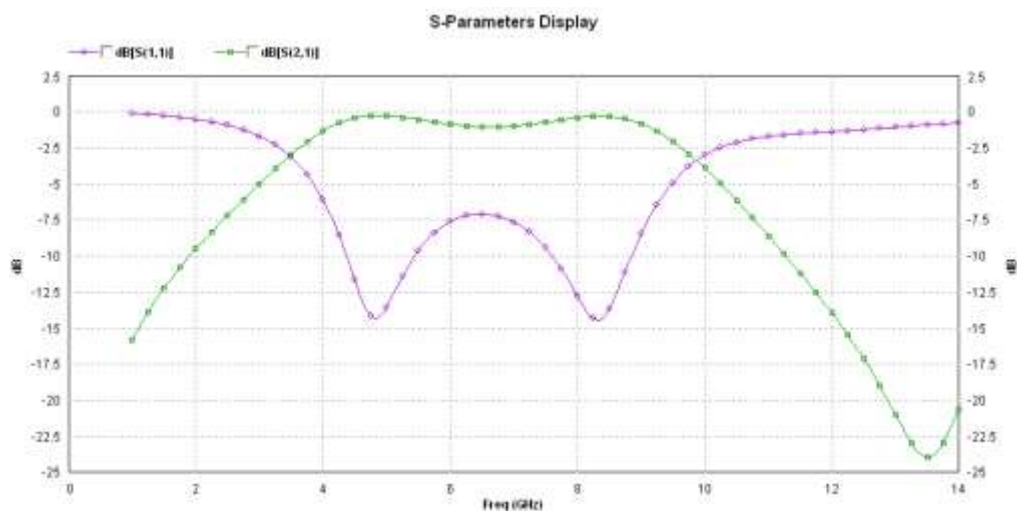
Ultra-wideband systems use wireless technology capable of transmitting data overawide spectrum of frequency bands (3.1-10.6GHz) for short distances (1-10 m) with very low power and high data rates. They are used for the operation of sending and receiving extremely short bursts of RF energy, The UWB technology delivers high data rates in excess of 100 Mbps up to 1 Gbps, can penetrate through doors and other obstacles. There are several advantages associated with UWB communications like Large channel capacity, ability to work with low signal to noise ratios, low transmit power, resistance to jamming, high performance in multipath channel.

FILTER DESIGN

Layout of the filter-Fig.1



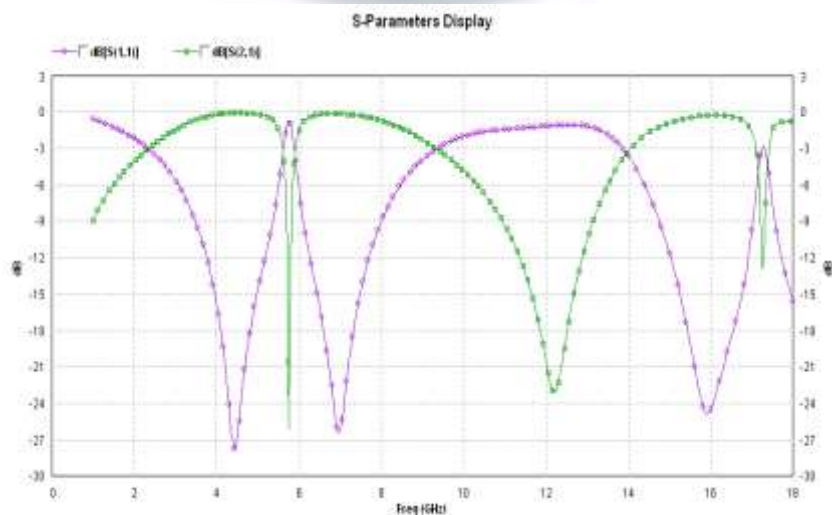
Sl. No.	Parameters Notation	Parameters Value
	Overall size of the filter	3.5mmx7.5mm
1.	Width w_0 , Length L_0	3.5mm, 7.5mm
2.	Offset width w_1	0.15mm
3.	W_2 of each finger	0.3mm
4.	W_3 distance between finger	0.15mm
5.	Length L_1	8mm

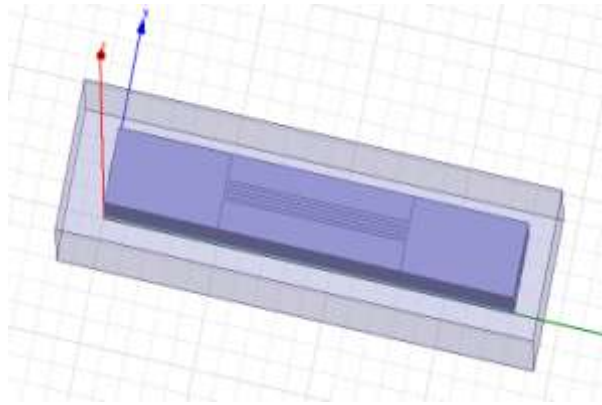


FILTER with Notch - Fig. 2

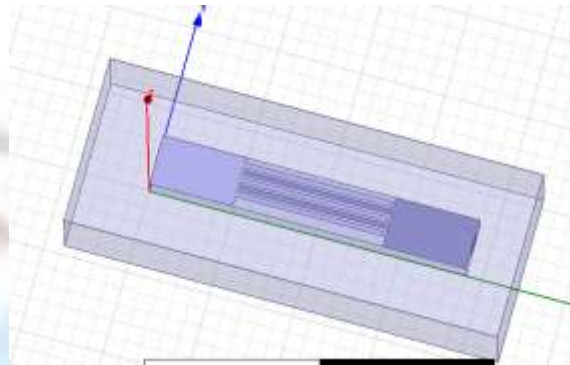


Sl. No.	Parameters Notation	Parameters Value
1.	Overall size of the filter	3.5mmx7.5mm
2.	Width w0,Length L0	3.5mm,7.5mm
3.	Offset width w1	0.15mm
4.	W2 of each finger	0.4mm
5.	W3 distance between finger	0.2mm
	Length L1	9.4mm

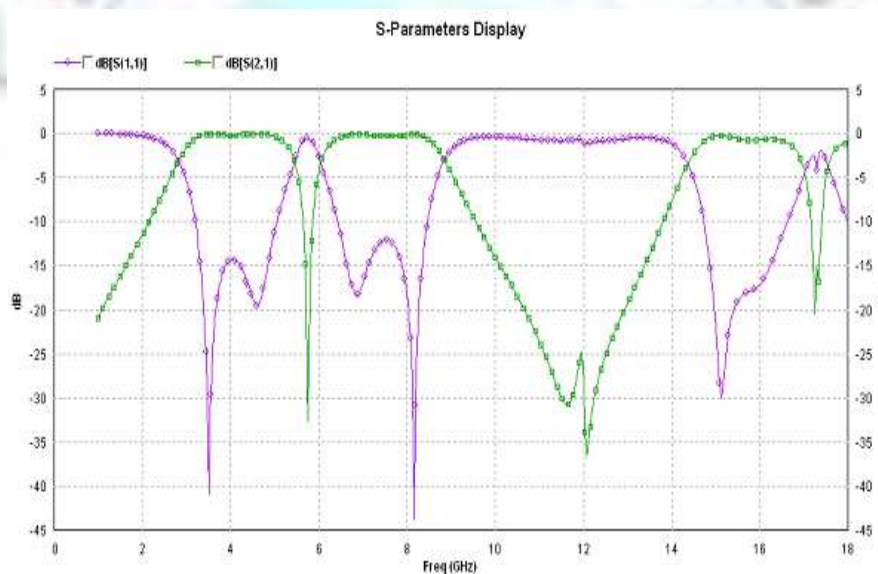




Filter With Interdigital Resonator -3 fingers in HFSS



Filter with Notch designed in HFSS

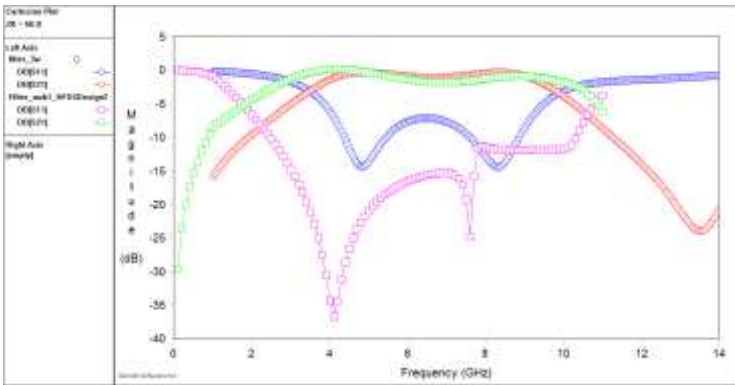


Output of Filter with multiple notches

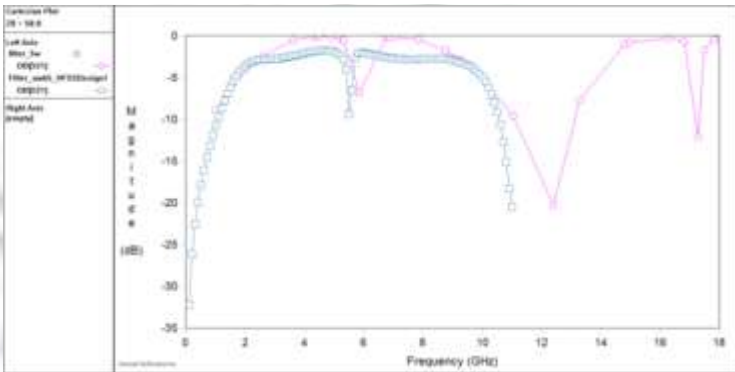
DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

Firstly, the UWB Filter with 3 fingers was designed (refer Fig.1). In this the passband from 3.1-10 GHz was achieved. Further to Create a notch the no of fingers was increased to five. The structure was designed on ARLON substrate with rel. permittivity 2.55 an height =1.524mm ,thickness t=1 mm. With Fig.2 ,the notch was obtained at a frequency of 5.77 GHz (in range of 5.7-5.8 GHz).The structures in Fig.1 and Fig.2 is designed and simulated with Electromagnetic Simulator IE3D. The results were then evaluated in hfss simulator also with same design specifications.

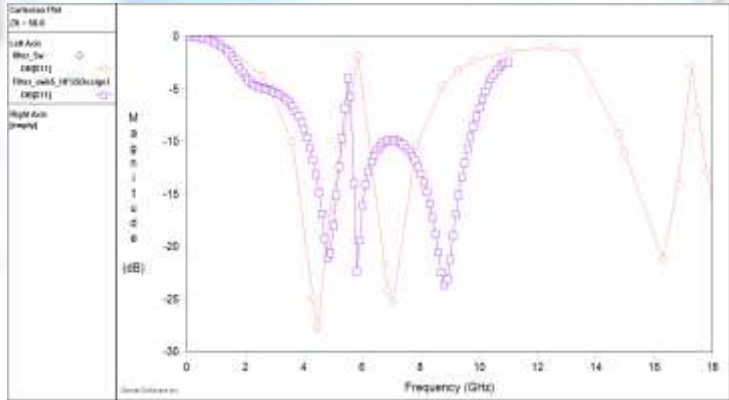
COMPARATIVE GRAPH



IE3D and HFSS plot compare in sonnet for Filter Fig.1 for s11 and s21 (in db)



IE3D and HFSS plot compare in sonnetfor Notch Filter Fig.2 for s21 in db



IE3D vs HFSS plot in sonnet for Notch Filter For s11 in db

RESULTS

S1 .no	-10 dB frequency band	Pass band insertion loss S21 (dB)	Pass band return loss S11 (dB)
1. Filter fig .1	8.83-4.37=4.46 GHz	-0.28 at 4.74GHz	-14.34 at 4.82&-14.42at 8.34 GHz
2. Notch Filter fig.2	8-3.5=4.5GHz	-0.22 at 4 GHz	-26.371at 6.91GHz&-26.13 at 4.48GHz

CONCLUSION

- Here ,the UWB Filter has been designed and also Notch Filter with insertion loss, Return loss parameter is observed
- The Band pass Filter is composed of two cascaded interdigital hairpin resonator units similar to that used in Notch Filter structure.

REFERENCES

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